REPORTABLE IN THE SUPREME COURT OF INDIA CIVIL APPELLATE JURISDICTION

<u>I.A. NO. 27524 OF 2019</u> IN

CIVIL APPEAL No(s). 6088 OF 2011

FAZALULLAH KHAN

Appellant(s)

VERSUS

M.AKBAR CONTRACTOR (D) BY LRS. & ORS. Respondent(s)

<u>O R D E R</u>

This Court in terms of the judgment in <u>Asian</u> <u>Resurfacing of Road Agency Private Limited and Anr.</u> vs. <u>Central Bureau of Investigation</u> 2018(16) SCC 299 while dealing with the issue of speedy trial in criminal cases observed in para 34 as under:

"If contrary to the above law, at the stage of charge, the High Court adopts the approach of weighing probabilities and re-appreciating the material, it may be certainly a time consuming exercise. The legislative policy of expeditious final disposal of the trial is thus, hampered. Thus, even while reiterating the view that there is no bar to jurisdiction of the High Court to consider a challenge against an order of framing charge in exceptional situation for correcting a patent error of lack of jurisdiction, exercise Of such jurisdiction has to be limited to rarest of rare cases. Even if a challenge to order framing charge is entertained, decision of such a petition should not be delayed. Though no mandatory time-limit can be fixed, normally it should not exceed two-three months. If stav is granted, it should not normally be unconditional or of indefinite duration. Appropriate conditions may be imposed so that the party in whose favour stay is granted is accountable if court finally finds no merit in the matter and the other side suffers loss and injustice. To give effect to the legislative policy and the mandate of Article 21 for speedy justice in criminal cases, if stay is granted, matter should be taken on day-to-day basis and concluded within two- three months. the matter remains pending for Where longer period, the order of stay will stand vacated on expiry of six months, unless is extension granted а speaking order showing by extraordinary situation where continuing stay was to be preferred to the final disposal of trial by the trial Court. This timeline is being fixed in view of the fact that such trials are expected to be concluded normally in one to two years.

The scope of the directions were expanded to an extent to all civil and criminal cases, on account of said proceedings being held up while observing as under:

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"In view of the above, situation of proceedings remaining pending for long on account of stay needs to be remedied. Remedy is required not only for corruption cases but for all civil and criminal cases where on account If stay, civil and criminal proceedings are held up. At times, proceedings are adjourned sine die on account of stay. Even after stay is vacated, intimation is not received and proceedings are not taken up. In an attempt to remedy this, situation, we consider it appropriate to direct that in all pending cases where stay against proceedings of a civil or criminal trial is operating, the same will come to an end on expiry of six months from today unless in an exceptional case by a speaking order such stay is extended. In cases where stay is granted in future, the same will end on expiry of six months from the date of such order unless similar extension is granted by a speaking order. The speaking order must show that of such exceptional nature that the case was continuing the stay was more important than having the trial finalized. The trial Court where order of stay of civil or criminal proceedings is produced, may fix a date not beyond six months of the order stay so that on expiry of period of stay, of proceedings can commence unless order of extension of stay is produced."

In the present case, the issue is of specific performance of an agreement which was granted by the first appellate court. The appellant is a tenant in the suit premises in whose favour the decree has

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been passed. The second appellate court reversed the decree. Leave has been granted by this court and the interim protection was granted on 20th March, 2009.

Learned counsel for the appellant submits that relying on the aforesaid judgment of this court in Asian Resurfacing of Road Agency's case (*supra*) in the eviction proceedings against the appellant as a tenant, the revisional court seeks to proceed on the basis of a submission of the respondents that on the expiry of period of six months, the interim stay is no more in force. He further states that the appellant undertakes before this court that if he loses in the present appeal, he will hand over vacant and peaceful possession within a time to be fixed by the Court without any further objection.

We are constrained to pen down a more detailed order as the judgment of this Court in Asian Resurfacing of Road Agency's case (supra) is sought to be relied upon by difference courts even in respect of interim orders granted by this Court where the period of 6 months has expired. Such a course of action is not permissible and if the

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interim order granted by this Court is not vacated and continues beyond a period of 6 months by reason of pendency of the appeal, it cannot be said that the interim order would automatically stand vacated.

Thus, the interim order granted by this Court on 20th March, 2009 must continue to be in force till the appeal is decided.

The aforesaid observation made by us should be kept in mind by both the trial Court and the High Court while dealing with this aspect.

The application accordingly stands disposed of.

The appeal being of the year 2011 is set down for hearing in the week commencing 20th August, 2019.

(SANJAY KISHAN KAUL)

(K.M. JOSEPH)

NEW DELHI; JULY 22, 2019 ITEM NO.1

COURT NO.13

SECTION IV-A

SUPREME COURTOF INDIA RECORD OF PROCEEDINGS

IA 27524/2019, in Civil Appeal No(s). 6088/2011

FAZALULLAH KHAN

Appellant(s)

VERSUS

M.AKBAR CONTRACTOR (D) BY LRS. & ORS. Respondent(s)

(I.A. No. 27524/2019 (application for direction) is to be listed IA No. 27524/2019 - CLARIFICATION/DIRECTION)

Date : 22-07-2019 These matters were called on for hearing today.

CORAM :

HON'BLE MR. JUSTICE SANJAY KISHAN KAUL HON'BLE MR. JUSTICE K.M. JOSEPH

For Appellant(s) Mr. Naresh Kaushik, Adv. Mr. Manoj Joshi, Adv. Mr. Omung Raj Gupta, Adv. Mr. Rahul Sharma, Adv. Mrs. Lalita Kaushik, AOR

For Respondent(s) Mr. V. N. Raghupathy, AOR

UPON hearing the counsel the Court made the following O R D E R

The application is disposed of in terms of the signed reportable order.

The appeal being of the year 2011 is set down for hearing in the week commencing 20th August, 2019.

(NEELAM GULATI) COURT MASTER (SH) (SIGNED REPORTABLE ORDER IS PLACED ON THE FILE) (ANITA RANI AHUJA) COURT MASTER (NSH)